

Landfill as an axiological dimension of self-identity (based on modern Ukrainian and Turkish literature)

Yuliia Vyshnytska,

Doctor of Philological Sciences,

Associate Professor of World Literature Department,

Institute of Philology of Borys Grinchenko Kyiv University



The relevance of the report

modern world : threatening globalization, entropy, devaluation, profanation

the dimensions of preserved individualization, selfidentity

preservation, search, finding or loss of one's selfidentity - in axiological coordinates

the need to expand comparative studies by

researching the axiological identity

strong tendency in the modern humanities to study the types of identities, textual and idiostylistic variants of their representation



The object and the purpose of research





to analyze the textual dimensions of axiological selfidentity through a polysemantic image-chronotope of the landfill.

The presentation includes the reproductions of paintings-collages made of garbage (the authors are schoolchildren from Lutsk, Ukraine)



The landfill

in the work of the Turkish writer S. Ishigiuzel:

is a semantic quintessence pushed by the text into the title.

It is the strong position of the text (the title of the novel) that unfolds its figurative fabric: the landfill permeates all levels of the work: linguistic, figurative, narrative, compositional, and so on.

in the novel "Malva Landa" by Ukrainian writer Yu.Vynnychuk:

the text, embedded in the chronotope of the landfill, seems to hide the latter behind the facade of mystification, whimsy, burlesque.



Landfill as an axiological category

| Non-landfill | Landfill |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | |
| - Aesthetically attractive | - Aesthetically repulsive |
| - Repulsive in terms of values: | - Attractive in terms of values: |
| Solitude | Honesty |
| Fear, Panic | Unpretentious love |
| Loss of self-identity | Calmness |
| Lie, Prison | Confidence |
| Pretense | Finding your self-identity |
| Visibility | Initiation |
| Accumulation of dissatisfaction | |



Landfill as a topos of the house

Forms of self-identity in the coordinate of the pathogenic topos

Topos of a dead apartment (Yildiz): Dead things, immobility, rigidity \rightarrow personal degradation and degradation of oneself as a part of society \rightarrow broken, crushed / double / multiple Yildiz's self-identity \leftarrow image of mirrors.





Landfill as a topos of the house

Forms of self-identity in the coordinate of the pathogenic topos

Topos of a labyrinth dungeon (Fesat): Labyrinth, humidity, tunnel, corridor, lair → cockroach, limited, "squeezed" Fesat's identity ← images of the dungeon-hell,

trees (tree rhizome), clock





Landfill as a topos of the house

Forms of self-identity in the coordinate of the pathogenic topos

Topos of a tin house (Leila) + topos of a street (Leila):

Motives for escape, sleep, awakening \rightarrow

loss and finding of self-identity ← oneiric world





Landfill as a topos of the house

Forms of self-identity in the coordinate of the pathogenic topos

Topos of a "stinking hell" (Bumblyakevych):

Pathogenic visual, auditory, olfactory, kinesthetic

markers of hell \rightarrow

pseudo-identity ← bizarre world





Landfill

as a mythologeme-chronotope

a psychological associative of the landfill:

the sea shown through olfactory and visual associations, through taste and kinesthetic markers

the geometric outlines of the dump - the pyramids (S.Ishigiuzel's novel),

the landfill as mountains

(Yu. Vynnychuk's novel)

an urban dimension:

the landfill as a metropolis





The multilevel image-chronotope of the landfill (Yu. Vynnychuk's novel)

Mythocodes: Oromorphic Hydromorphic ornithological mortilogical technogenic





The metamorphosis is as the main means of image formation in the bizarre, surreal novel "Malva Landa"

the scenario of the end through the semantics of shrinkage, melting, scattering, destruction, disappearance, explosion, disintegration

The sacralization of garbage in the town called S.





Shebnem Ishigiuzel's work

In Leila's oneiric world all time-spaces close

Leila's self-identification is felt in the self-awareness of the player

Leila realizes herself as an active figure with a choice





Toxic self-identity

- the semantics of hopelessness
- the semantics of imprisonment
- a destructive mythological scenario of the end

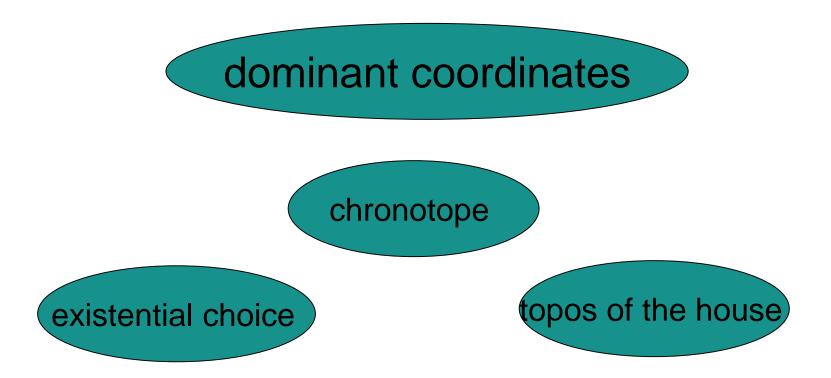
bizarre axiological self-identifications of the characters in Yuriy Vynnychuk's novel

¥

multiple, fragmented axiological self-identifications of female characters in Shebnem Ishigiuzel's novel



image of the landfil





An existential dimension

an existential situation of choice with its existential

states

(non) loneliness, (non) love, (non) anxiety, (non) fear

An axiological opposition:

the world outside the landfill is a world of lies, loneliness, hatred, fear // the landfill is a world of sincere feelings, love, warmth



chronotope of the landfill

| The sacralization of this chthonic chronotope | Chthonic weaving |
|---|---|
| the concept of memory: valuable things from the past, aesthetic traces (a cultural and artistic component) | by chthonic images- mediators between the earthly and unearthly / mystical worlds (rats, mermaids, crows, wire boas |



The ambivalent chronotope of the landfill

In the work of the Turkish writer heaven-hell : individualized meanings (through the inner experiences as for Leila and Yildiz, through individualized self-awareness)

in the novel by Ukrainian writer heaven-hell :

national colouration (national ideas, rites, holidays etc.)

and a pagan myth (mermaids, unicorns, maze



Different "chronotopic" identities of the characters

Leila's chronotopic self-identity is a shack where a potential world chess champion flees the world of lies, and the street is Leila's place of initiation

> The chronotopic self-identity for Fesat is a dungeon with the semantics relating to the scenery of hell and the bottom.

Yildiz's chronotopic self-identity is viewed as a dead apartment. Axiological selfidentity for Yildiz accumulates in the image of the "clock of evil"

In Yu. Vynnychuk's

novel, the semantics of prison is realized through the mythological plots of Odysseus' return home, Sisyphus' work, the unicorn hunting



Toxic self-identity $\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$ the pathogenic axiological identity of the characters underground-peripheral terrestrial worlds (landfills, underground, ("normal" or social) sewer "dens")





Yuliia Vyshnytska,

julia_vishnya@ukr.net

Doctor of Philological Sciences, Associate Professor of World Literature Department, <u>Institute of Philology</u> of Borys Grinchenko Kyiv University, 18/2, Bulvarno-Kudriavska Str, Kyiv, Ukraine, 04053 +380442721902 Email: <u>y.vyshnytska@kubg.edu.ua</u>